October 6, 1752. THE Numb. 91.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

ENTERTAINMENT.

M. *VOLTAIRE* having lately amuſed the World with Part of an Anecdote relating to a Perſon of Diſtinction in *France*, who, he ſays, was kept Priſoner for ſome Time in the Iſle of *St. Margaret*, and afterwards in the *Baſtile*, at *Paris*, and who was known by no *other* Name than *the Man with the Iron Maſk*, becauſe he ays appeared in one, which was ſo contrived, with Steel Springs, that could eat with it; and having left the Public in the Dark, as to the Name and Quality of this extraordinary Perſonage, perhaps a more cular Account of him may be acceptable to our Readers.

It muſt be recollected that *Lewis* XIV. was exceſſively Amorous, and ſeveral Miſtreſſes. Amongſt the Reſt was one without Beauty, but tall well ſhaped, and whoſe Wit and fine Senſe made more than amends for Deficiency of her perſonal Graces. The King loved her to Diſtraction, by her had a Son, on whom he conferred the Title of Duke *de Ver-dois*, and cauſed him to be educated with all imaginable Care. He was ndſome, well made, full of Vivacity, but haughty and paſſionate, and uld not bear to pay the Dauphin, the only legitimate Son of *Lewis* XIV. Reſpect due to a Prince born to be his King. Theſe two young nces, near the ſame Age, were of very oppoſite Characters. The uphin, poſſeſſed of the ſame perſonal Advantages as the Duke, excelled by his Mildneſs, his Affability, and a Heart full of Goodneſs and Ge-roſity. Theſe Qualities, as eſtimable as uncommon in a Prince born to reditary Power, rendered the Dauphin the Object of the Duke's Con-pt, who miſſed no Occaſion of expreſſing his Concern for the *French* ation, deſtined one Day to obey a Prince without Spirit, and unworthy rule. The King was informed of this Behaviour of the Duke, and ſaw w blameable it was; but Authority yielding to parental Affection, de-ived him of the Power to correct [illegible] favourite Son. The Duke, encourag-by this Indulgence, ſo far forgot himſelf as one Day to give the Dau-n a Blow. The King was preſently acquainted with it, and trembled for Criminal. Whatever Inclination he had to diſſemble this Affront, the nity of the Crown, and the Diſturbance it made at Court, got the bet-of his Tenderneſs. He aſſembled, not without Reluctance, his favourite iniſters, to whom he diſcloſed his Concern, and demanded their Advice. Proportion to the Enormity of the Crime, and according to the Maxims State, they all judged it merited Death. However, one of the Council, ore ſenſible of the King's Affection than the Reſt, ſaid, there was a Way puniſh the Duke without taking his Life. He propoſed, the King uld immediately ſend him to the Army then on the Frontiers of *Flanders*; at ſoon after his Arrival there, it ſhould be given out he was ſeiſed with Plague, to prevent his being viſited by Perſons of Diſtinction; that af-a few Days pretended Illneſs, it ſhould be reported he was dead; and at, while in the Sight of the Army, his Funeral Ceremonies were per-med in a Manner ſuitable to his Birth, he ſhould by Night be ſecretly nveyed to the Iſland of *St. Margaret*, where he ſhould be impriſoned for . This Advice was approved by the King. Faithful Perſons were truſted with the Execution of it. The Duke ſet out for the Army with ſplendid Equipage. The Reſt of the Scheme was executed as laid down, while the whole Camp bewailed the imagined Death of this unhappy nce, he was conducted through Bye-ways to the Caſtle of *St. Margaret*, d put into the Hands of the Governor, who had beforehand received ders from the King to ſuffer his Priſoner to be ſeen by no other Perſon hatever. The Duke was allowed one ſingle Domeſtic, who was in the ecret, but he dying on the Road, the Guards diſfigured him with their abres, to prevent his being known, and leaving him ſtripped for the ſame eaſon, continued their Journey. The Governor received and treated his riſoner with the greateſt Reſpect, he ſerved him in Perſon, receiving whatever he wanted from the Servants at the Door of the Duke's Apart-ment, without ſuffering any of them to enter, ſo that he remained inviſible to all about him. One Day however he bethought himſelf of graving his Name on the Back of a Plate, with the Point of his Knife; the Servant who diſcovered this, brought it to his Maſter, in Hopes of a Reward, but the unhappy Wretch was killed on the Spot, that the Secret might die with him. The Duke remained for ſome Years in this Priſon, till the Governor being advanced to the Government of the *Baſtile* at *Paris*, it was thought proper to tranſfer with him his illuſtrious Priſoner. Both at *St. Margaret's* and the *Baſtile*, whenever on Account of Sickneſs, or any other Occaſion they were obliged to let the Duke be ſeen, he was conſtrained to wear a Maſk. Several Perſons worthy of Credit affirm they have ſeen him thus. If it be queried why the Duke, having ſo long outlived both the King and Dauphin, was not releaſed, it muſt be conſidered as impoſſible to reſtore to his Rank, Dignity, or Eſtate, a Prince whoſe Tomb exiſted, and of whoſe Obſequies ſo many then living were Witneſſes; ſo that it would have been almoſt impoſſible to undeceive the People, who to this Day believe he died of the Plague in the Camp of *Flanders*.

Thoſe who have read *Voltaire*'s Account will, no doubt, obſerve in it a conſiderable Anachroniſm. It makes the Impriſonment of his *unknown Perſon* as early as the Adminiſtration of Cardinal *Mazarine*, and his Death in 1704, whereas Cardinal *Mazarine* died before *Lewis* the Dauphin, Son to *Lewis* XIV. was born; and conſequently as the Duke *de Vermandois* is here repreſented nearly of the ſame Age with the Dauphin, M. *Voltaire* muſt be miſtaken.

LONDON, May 7.

Extract of a private Letter from Paris, *May 10.*

I Perceive by your laſt you ſhould be very glad if I would employ an Hour in drawing up a conciſe and clear Account of the Nature and End of the preſent Differences between the King and the Parliament of this City; I ſhall be as conciſe as you pleaſe; but to give you a clear View of the Affair, requires more Leiſure than I can command, and indeed much more than the Subject is intrinſically worth. If you are at a Loſs how to kill Time, or have Need of ſoporiferous Draughts, you may furniſh yourſelf with the Works of Janſenius, Arnaud, Queſnel, and the Writings of their Adverſaries, in all which, Election and Reprobation, Grace efficacious and Grace ſufficient, are ſo learnedly treated and ſo clearly expounded, that if you have Patience enough to read them all, 'tis ten to one that you'll ſee as far into a Mill Stone as they that pick'd it, and underſtand what King and Parliament are now driving at.

But this Preamble, you'll ſay, gives you no Satisfaction for the preſent: Therefore I muſt briefly obſerve, that in the Year 1713, the Court of Rome iſſued a Bull; commonly called the Conſtitution **Unigenitus*, admirably well calculated to put an End to all the Diſputes about the abovementioned myſterious Points; which Bull the late King ordered to be received by all Eccleſiaſticks in his Kingdom, and by as many other Perſons as could read, whether they underſtood the Subject or not, inſomuch, that being a Law of the Church, it muſt alſo become a Law of the Kingdom, though moſt People of common Senſe think both Church and State might very well exiſt without that Conſtitution: However, as it came from the infallible Chair, it muſt go down, our Government having a Kind of ſecondary Infallibillity, which makes them infallibly ſure that what comes from Rome muſt be right. But the Parliament not having yet been ſo happy as to acquire this Infallibility, (which ſome ſay is very hard to be attained without the irreſiſtible Logic of Dragoons) cannot bear to ſee honeſt, ſober, pious Souls denied ſpiritual Comforts on their Death Bed, becauſe their Notions of Grace and Election are not reduced exactly to the ſame Length and Breadth as the Courts of France and Rome would have them. The Courtiers ſeem likewiſe to diſapprove of refuſing the Sacraments to dying Perſons, and yet give Occaſion to ſuch Refuſal; ſince by the Arrets of Council of the late King and his preſent Majeſty, all Perſons are commanded to ſubmit to the Conſtitution, and receive it as a Law of the Church and of the Kingdom; and whoever does not, ought ſurely to be deemed a Heretick and a Rebel, and conſequently be denied the Sacraments. Here then lies the Abſurdity of the Government's Conduct. They made a falſe Step in admitting that Conſtitution into the Kingdom, and have been ever ſince patching and darning the Rents they made in the Church by that very Inſtrument which they fooliſhly conceited would have kept all Things quiet: Neither will they let the Parliament take the Buſineſs in Hand, leſt it ſhould not be ordered entirely to the Liking of the Court of Rome and the Majority of the Gallican Clergy, whoſe Infallibility is ſometimes called in Queſtion by the Members of this Tribunal. Nevertheleſs, the Parliament continue to make Remonſtrances to the Sovereign; not that they hope to gain all that they want, but rather with a View to prevent more Miſchief being done, as their Remonſtrances, though firſt preſented to the King in Manuſcript, never fail to appear afterwards in Print, and ſo become, as it were, Appeals to the common Senſe of Mankind, which the moſt arbitrary Monarchs are forced to pay ſome Regard to.

There is another Reaſon to be aſſigned for all this Pother about the Bull *Unigenitus*: The active, fiery Spirit of the Nation wants ſomething to work upon; for want of Employment Abroad, and Battles and Sieges to talk of at Home, they will even quarrel like Children about a Game at Puſh-pin; and if they had not this famous Bull to exerciſe their Wits, they would fiſh up ſomething elſe equally important and edifying, &c.

* So called from the firſt Words of it, as it begins, *Unigenitus Deifilius*.

May 7. The ſurprizing Anecdote related by Voltaire, of a Man who lived in Maſque in the Iſland of St Margaret's, on the Coaſt of Provence, has raiſed a Variety of Speculations, eſpecially as that great Man has thought proper to form no Conjectures about him: Poſſibly Voltaire's Situation and Connection with the French Court intimidated him from writing his Suppoſitions on that ſingular Story. It has been an old Report, that Louis XIVth, was not (as was ſuppoſed) the Son of Louis the XIIIth, as his Queen had lived with him twenty Years without a Child; the Intereſt of the Duke of Orleans, and that of Cardinal Richlieu at that Time claſhed, they were confirmed Antagoniſts, and it was the whole Bent of the Duke's Ambition to ſhake the Cardinal's Power: In Conſequence of this Quarrel, had Louis the XIIIth died without Iſſue, Orleans naturally ſucceeded, which would have produced the Diſgrace of the Cardinal. To

prevent

prevent this, it was ſaid that the Cardinal produced a Man of ſome Figure, and very remarkable for his perſonal Qualities to hold Commerce with the Queen, by which two Children ſoon appeared, the oldeſt of whom was the famous Louis le Grand; when this Scheme was effected, there was no more Occaſion for employing this Perſonage in his former Office; but as he had been privy to one of the boldeſt Attempts in Hiſtory, his Preſence at Court was dangerous, as he had it always in his Power to defeat Richlieu's Ambition; this excited the Cardinal to have him carried out of the Way, and this in all Probability was the Man who ſuffered the Baniſhment, and was condemned by the Cardinal's Orders to wear a Maſque for Life; for his Keepers were commanded to kill him if ever he attempted to unmaſk. The Fineneſs of his Perſon as deſcribed by Voltaire, is another Circumſtance in Favour of his Conjecture; and the Secrecy with which the Whole was conducted was much in the Character of Richlieu and Mazarine, two of the greateſt Statesman that ever appeared in Europe. [*The former Story is the more probable.*]

Paris, May 22. His Majeſty has nominated the Prelates who are to form the Commiſſion for judging all Differences and Controverſies pertaining to Religion. They are the Cardinal de Tencin lately returned from his Archbiſhopric, but at preſent dangerouſly ill, the Archbiſhop of Paris; the Archbiſhop of Saux, the Biſhop of Sennes, and the late Biſhop Mirepoix: Of the Magiſtrates who are to be joint Members with the Prelates, only the Chancellor and firſt Preſident of the Chamber of Accounts are as yet appointed. The Prelates have indeed remonſtrated againſt any Lay-Coadjutors as an Impropriety at leaſt, if not an Indignity to the Prieſthood, and that Religion being the End of the Inſtitution, it ought to be abſolutely lodged with Eccleſiaſtics only. What Reception this Remonſtrance has met with at Verſailles is unknown.

On the 19th the Parliament according to a Cuſtom obſerved a Day or two before each of the five great Feſtivals, held a Meeting at the Chatelet to releaſe Priſoners detained there on ſlight Accounts, as their Caſes appear. Though it was a Vacation Day that worthy Body preferred the Relief of the Miſerable to all the Amuſements of Leiſure.

The Parliament having met after their Adjournment for Whitſun Week, taking Notice that every Particular of their late Proceedings, eſpecially in Matters of Weight, were publickly known, ordered Locks to be put on the Doors of the great Hall, and the Door-keepers to wait without; ſo that they now lock themſelves in at their general Meetings, and no Perſon is allowed to leave the Houſe 'til it riſes.

The Dutcheſs of Parma, Twin Siſter to the late Madame Henrietta, is coming to ſpend the Summer Months with her Royal Parents.

Our Eaſt-India Company's Actions were on the 20th Inſtant at 1865 Livres; firſt Government Lottery Tickets at 674; and thoſe of the Second at 625.

LONDON,

June 16. By Letters received by Yeſterday's Mail from Amſterdam, we have Advice, that a Smack is arrived at Inckhouſe from David's Streights, which brings Advice that the Whale Fiſhery has been the worſt that has been theſe many Years, all the Month of May having been very ſtormy, and no large Fiſh ſeen, and only a very few ſmall ones caught by all the different Nations there. There is one daily expected at Horn from the Seal Fiſhery, which has been better than uſual.

At a late General Quarter Seſſions held in and for the C——y of ——, a very ſingular Affair happened: A Bill of Indictment being found againſt a Waggoner for aſſaulting a Neighbour's Wife, by ſtriking her Horſe with a Cart Whip, whereby ſhe was thrown. The Cauſe being heard, the Jury went out to conſider of a Verdict, and after a Deliberation of five Hours upon the ſame, ſeven of the Jury were inclined to find for the Defendant, and five for the Plaintiff; and theſe worthy Jurors (who were ſwore to inquire into the Truth of the Matter of Fact, according to the Evidence given) not being able to reconcile the Point, ſo as to give a juſt and true Verdict agreeable to the Tenor of their Oath, they had Recourſe to a Device, which was toſſing up a Halfpenny to decide the Matter, and the Toſs went againſt the Defendant. One of the Jurors being touched with Remorſe, has made a Diſcovery of this iniquitous Affair upon Oath, and Proſecutions are actually commenced againſt the reſt of his Fellow-Jurymen, who it is hoped will meet with a Puniſhment adequate to ſo atrocious a Crime.

June 18. An Account given to Capt. Buckle of his Majeſty's Ship the Aſſiſtance, on the 30th of March, at the Iſland of St. Thomas, by Nicholas Scarey, Seaman, belonging to the Clayton Snow, Capt. Patrick, of Liverpool, viz.

He ſays, they were taken the 3d Day after they came out of the Bonny, by a Pirate, which was the Three Siſters Long-Boat, Capt. Jenkins, of Liverpool, off Ferdinando Poo, the Beginning of laſt March.

The Clayton Snow is a ſquare-ſtern'd Veſſel, near 200 Tons; has 4 two Pounders, and 6 Swivels beſides 4 Swivels (which the Pirates took out of the Long-Boat) and had 310 Slaves on Board when taken, carries two Top-gallant Yards. The Pirates with our Mate and two Boys, which they preſs'd, amount to 17 Men in all. The Pirate water'd at Ferdinando, and the Clayton made towards her, thinking ſhe was in Diſtreſs, ſupplied her with Proviſions and Water. Three of the Men only ſhewed themſelves, when the Clayton's Boat was on Board, two of which came on Board the Clayton in her Boat, and went on Board their large Boat again, which had put of on the Weather Quarter. They ſoon after violently enter'd on Board the Snow again, with Sword and Piſtol in Hand, and wounded Capt. Patrick in ſeveral Places. The Number in the Boat were nine Men and a Boy. She was a large Boat, and they were ſent a Trading, and left their Ship at Maumba: The Pirate took the Opportunity of luffing up under the Lee Quarter of the Clayton, when all her Hands were forward except the Captain and Gunner, and then took her: They kept us in Irons, but afterwards releaſed us and turn'd us adrift, having ſome Bread, Beef, Pork, Butter, a ſmall Cag of Brandy, and 6 Caſks of Water; but before they put us into the Boat, they hoiſted out two Bales, one Scarlet Cloth, the other Handkerchiefs.

Soon after they had put us in Irons, they aſked if any were willing to go a roving, if ſo, they would cloath us in Scarlet, on which four of our Crew entered voluntarily, and they preſſed the chief Mate and two Boys.

We were twelve Days before they could get into the River Bonny, and when we were there the King of the Country ſeized the Long-Boat; on which ſome of us entered into one Ship, and ſome into another, and I enter'd on Board the Suſanna of Briſtol, Robert Cowey; Capt. Patrick went with Capt. Jackſon of Siverpool, bound to the Weſt-Indies. When we left Bonny, there were the following Engliſh Ships in the River, the Boyne, Hermitage, and the Grace belonging to Liverpool; three others, the Names not known, and a Portugueſe Snow.

June 25. The Corſairs of Algiers, Tunis and Tripoli, ſtill continue to ſeize the Ships, and enſlave the Subjects of the European States with whom they are not at Peace in the Mediterranean; and the Government of Tripoli even threatens to ſet France at Defiance.

That theſe three Piratical States of Barbary, ſhould for ſo many Ages, either ſubject the Chriſtian Powers of Europe to their Depredations, or compel them to purchaſe Peace by large annual Preſents, ſeems ſurprizing, when it is conſidered how inconſiderable their Strength is both by Sea and Land, when compared to that of Europe. It even appears no difficult Matter to the Chriſtian Princes, whoſe Dominions border on the Mediterranean, and whoſe Shipping and Subjects are conſequently moſt expoſed to the Robberies of theſe lawleſs Rovers, and are now daily taken by them to unite their Forces and extirpate them entirely, as the Ottoman Porte can give them little Aſſiſtance, their Navy having been totally ruined by the Venetians at the Battle of Lepanto in 1571, and no Attempts have ſince been made to re-eſtabliſh it. Algiers is the moſt weſterly and moſt powerful of the Three. It extends from Morocco on the Weſt, to the Kingdom of Tunis on the Eaſt, about 600 Miles along the Coaſt of Barbary, and is divided into four Provinces. Tunis reaches about 200 Miles along the ſame Coaſt, from Algiers on the Weſt to Tripoli, including the Deſart of Barca, is 1000 Miles in Length, from Tunis on the Weſt to Egypt, but it is ſcarce 200 Miles broad in any Place. Each of theſe States are governed by their Deys, or Sovereigns, who are abſolute Monarchs, but elective, and whoſe Sons never inherit by Deſcent: The Right of Election is in the Turkiſh Soldiers only, who in Algiers do not amount to 7000 Men, but they have engroſſed the Government, and the Moors or Natives of Africa have no Share in it. In Tripoli the Dey is not ſo abſolute as the Deys of Algiers and Tunis are; for a Turkiſh Baſſa reſides here, who receives his Authority from the Grand Signior, and has a Power of controuling the Dey, and levying a Tribute on his Subjects. However, theſe Deys are frequently depoſed and put to Death by them, and ſeldom reign long; Want of Succeſs, or a ſuppoſed Miſmanagement in the Adminiſtration, is looked upon as a ſufficient Reaſon to remove them. Thus the Dey of Tunis is but very lately depoſed by his Son, and at Algiers they have murdered four of their Deys, and depoſed two within the Space of 25 Years. There can never want Traitors among that abandoned Race of Men, compoſed of Robbers and the Refuſe of Turkey, to conſpire the Deſtruction of the reigning Prince, and uſurp his Throne; for the Soldiers who are veſted with this Power of Election, are either Criminals who have been obliged to fly from Turkey, Renegadoes, or Pyrates, who reſort hither in Hopes of Spoil, and who, notwithſtanding their baſe Original, look upon themſelves as Noblemen, uſing the Moors and other Inhabitants of Africa little better than Slaves. They live chiefly by the Plunder of Merchants that navigate the neighbouring Seas; though the Produce of their Country would furniſh them abundantly with Materials to traffic with, if they applied themſelves to Huſbandry and Manufactures.

According to the Report of divers Perſons from the Coaſt of Africa, the Civil War rages at Tunis, and the Regency of Algiers, which takes Part therein, has declared for the Rebels: But 'tis yet doubtful whether the old or new Dey will come off victorious; for tho' the Son has gained ſome great Advantages, and, beſides the Algerines, the greateſt Part of the Troops on Land are for him; yet the Father's Party is ſtill conſiderable: The greateſt Part of the Raiz at Sea hold firm to him, and declare they will undertake every Thing in their Power in his Favour. The Retreat of theſe Raiz, who are gone to ſuccour the old Dey, renders the Sea more free, and is of great Uſe to our Commerce: But what does the greateſt Service to Navigation in general, is the Declaration of War by France againſt the Tripolitans.

From the Paris A-la-main, June 19.

The Petition which was lately preſented to the King by the Deputies of the Clergy, conſiſted principally of three Points: The firſt was to beſeech his Majeſty that he would not admit into the Commiſſion which was going to be eſtabliſhed, any Lay Judge: The ſecond, That no Parliament ſhould be allowed to take Cognizance of Affairs which concern Religion: And the Third, That the Parliament ſhould be obliged to make the Archbiſhop of Paris Reparation for having treated him, in their laſt Remonſtrances to his Majeſty, as a Promoter of a Schiſm which was ready to inflame the Church.

The Parliament have been engaged all the laſt Week in the ſeveral Denunciations which have been made to them, and particularly againſt the Curate of Troyes in Champagne, who, after much Difficulty, adminiſtered the Communion to two young Ladies who preſented themſelves to the Holy Table, at the ſame Time ſaying, He gave it them as our Saviour gave it Judas. He was brought hither to give an Account of the Motives which induced him to a Conduct of this Nature. He is ſentenced to pay 3000 Livres Damage to the young Ladies, 100 Livres to the Poor, and to make Amende honourable in the Grand Chamber of the Parliament.

This Court afterwards continued its Proceedings againſt the Curate of St. Sulpice, who refuſed to adminiſter Baptiſm to a Jew, for not naming the Perſon who had inſtructed him in the Principles of Chriſtianity, tho' he had ſatisfactorily anſwered the Queſtions which had been put to him concerning Religion. He made his Complaint to the King's Attorney General, who immediately ſummoned the Curate by an Officer of the Court of Parliament. The Curate carried the Summons to the Archbiſhop of Paris, who cauſed the Officer to be arreſted, and ſent to the Baſtile. This Affair is to be tried this Week.

Worceſter, June 18. Yeſterday the Workmen, employed in repairing our Cathedral, upon taking off the Top of an ancient Tomb, or Sepulchre, in the North Iſle, found the Bones of a Man, which, though they are the Remains of a Perſon buried about 456 Years ago, yet are ſurpriſing firm, and moſt of them adhere together in the ſame Poſition as when firſt interr'd, and about the Skull and Shoulders appears ſomething like coarſe Sacking or Sail-Cloth, extraordinary freſh. In this Tomb (the Inſcription whereof is wholly obliterated, except the Date of the Year, being 1296) was ſuppoſed to be interred Sir James Beauchamp, Knight Templar;

Templar: For that late very ingenious Antiquarian, Dr. William Thomas, (formerly Rector of St. Nicholas, in this City) in his Survey of the Cathedral Church of Worceſter, ſpeaking of the Iſle on the North Side of the Choir, ſays, "On the Ground, towards the Eaſt of the Tomb of John "de Eveſham de Brainsford, is the ancient Tomb of the Holy Voyage, "armed all in Mail, ſaving his Face, and clad in a Soldier's Coat, his "Right Hand on his Sword, on his Left Arm his Shield, his Legs croſ-"ſed, and at his Feet a Lion; he beareth no Armory, but in the firſt "Pane of the Window over him was Gules, a Feſſe between ſix Croſſes "Or, on the Feſſe a Creſcent Sable, for Difference, the Arms of "the Beauchamps; ſo it is probable this was the Tomb of Sir James "Beauchamp, Knight Templar."

The CHOICE.

MIGHT I, like others, make Requeſt,
For what I'd chuſe, to make me bleſt,
Few Words ſhould ſpeak my whole Deſire,
And tell how high my Thoughts aſpire.
'Tis not a ſumptuous lofty Seat,
By Art and Nature form'd compleat:
'Tis not huge Heaps of Golden Store,
Confin'd in Coffers from the Poor:
'Tis not a wealthy large Eſtate,
Nor all the Splendors of the Great:
'Tis not to have my Table ſpread
With dainty Meats, and White and Red;
With Lace dreſs'd Servants when I dine,
To ſerve the Rounds of ſparkling Wine:
Nor is it Muſick's ſoft'ning Strains,
To baniſh Care and ſooth my Pains:
'Tis not neat Gardens and Alcoves,
Nor cooling Rills, nor ſilent Groves,
Nor verdant Fields, nor painted Flowers,
Nor Songs of Birds, nor ſmiling Bowers.
'Tis not to ſpend the grey-ey'd Morn,
In ſprightly Chace with Hound and Horn,
'Tis not that Men ſhould ſtamp my Name
Upon the ſhining Wings of Fame.
'Tis not that chearing Balm of Life,
A lovely, virtuous, faultleſs Wife;
(Yet O! would Heaven that Bleſſing ſend,
'Twou'd moſt my ſovereign Choice befriend:)
Nor is't that I'd live ſingle ſtill,
And keep a Miſtreſs at my Will.
'Tis not that I'd an Empire ſway,
To make the haughty World obey;
'Tis not to have this Word in Hand,
And all it's Pleaſures at Command.
Well ſince all this my Joy denies,
Say, what contains the matchleſs Prize?
Not theſe combin'd my CHOICE I'd call,
But ſweet CONTENT, that's more than all!
Since all poſſeſs'd would taſtleſs be,
If ſweeten'd not, CONTENT! by thee.
Come then, dear Charmer, to my Breaſt,
Be thou my kind, perpetual Gueſt:
Thy chearing Voice ſhall ſtill inſpire
The moderate, prudent, calm Deſire;
Shall ever ſooth my Soul to Reſt,
And make me know, "WHAT IS IS BEST.

WILLIAMSBURG, October 6.

We have credible Advice, that the *Six Nations*, in Alliance with the *Twitwees*, a People much more powerful than themſelves, have declared War againſt the *French* and *French Indians*, being exaſperated thereto by the moſt horrid and ſhocking Cruelties imaginable, exercis'd by the *French*, on one of the *Twitee* Towns.——The Particulars, coming too late for this Paper, will be in our next.

Entered Inwards, in *York* River, ſince our laſt. *None.*

Cleared Outwards.

Sept. 30. *Prince William, William Smith, for Glaſgow, with* 494 *Hhds. of Tobacco,* 17,000 *Staves, and* 1 *Hhd. of Rum for the Ships Store.*

Entered Inwards, in the Upper Diſtrict of *James* River.

22. *Ship Duke, of Glaſgow, Robert Jameſon, from Glaſgow, with ſundry European Goods.*

Cleared Outwards.

Octo. 4. *Sloop James-Town, of Virginia, Solomon Edey, for Barbadoes, with* 1800 *Buſhels of Corn,* 150 *Buſhels of Oats,* 20000 *Shingles, and* 1000 *Heading.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE *Ohio* Company are deſired to meet at *Stafford* Court-Houſe on *Monday* the 20th of *November* next.

October 5, 1752.

George Maſon,
James Scott,
John Mercer.

To be SOLD,

THE perſonal Eſtate of Dr. *William Dawſon*, deceas'd, conſiſting of a choice Collection of Books, Plate, Houſhold Furniture, a Coach and Horſes, *&c.* Six Months Credit will be allowed, the Purchaſers giving Bond and Security, as uſual. The Sale will begin on *Tueſday* the 17th of this Inſtant *October*, at *Williamſburg*, and continue until all are ſold.

N. B. Any Perſons, that have any Books belonging to the deceaſed, are deſired to return them.

2

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To be LETT or SOLD,

THE two Lots formerly belonging to Mr. *William Parry*, in *Cumberland* Town, *Pamunkey* River, there being very good Conveniences for a Merchant, or a Tavern Keeper, having one large new Houſe with Brick Chimneys, Rooms above and below, plaiſter'd and whitewaſh'd; a ſmall Houſe with one Brick Chimney; one ſtrong well-fitted Store that the ſaid *Parry* formerly kept; one new Kitchen, and neceſſary Houſes, and Garden. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame may be inform'd of the Price by Mr. *Richard Chamberlayne*, or the Subſcriber.

Edward Langford.

N. B. It's thought a very proper Place for a Merchant, it being on navigable a Water, and no Store within ten Miles of the Place.

October 6, 1752.

RAN away from the Brigantine *Mally*, in *Hampton* River, on the ſecond of this Inſtant, the following Sailors, *viz.*

David Aiken, a *Scotchman*, about 35 Years of Age, and 5 Feet 5 Inches high, thin Viſage, and pitted ſlightly with the Small-pox.

John Evans, a *Welchman*, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, well-ſet, with light brown Hair, wears a rough upper Jacket, and one of blue Serge under it.

Robert Ford, Country unknown, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, with ſandy colour'd Hair.

They carried away with them a ſmall new Long-Boat, about 16 Feet long and 6 Feet and a Half broad, with a high Main-thwart fitted to the upper Part of the Gunnel, two Coils of Ratline, a ſmall Spirit-ſail, and a Main-top-maſt Stay-ſail, entirely new, with the Name of the Maker of the Canvaſs ſtamp'd upon it, *viz. Robert Ouchterlony and Co. Monar ſc.*

The Boat was ſeen in the Bay the Day after, and it is ſuppoſed they are gone towards *Maryland*.

Whoever will ſecure any of the ſaid Sailors, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward for each, and Five Piſtoles for the Boat, Cordage and Sails, to be paid on Delivery of the ſame in *Hampton* to

James Graham.

October 5, 1752.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, at *Berkeley*, in *Charles-City* County, a Mulatto Fellow, named *Aaron*, about 5 Feet eight Inches high, *Virginia*-born, faulters much when he ſpeaks; he pretends to be in Search of Horſes, by which Means he has got far up the Country on his Way to the Mountains. Whoever will apprehend and deliver him to me, ſhall receive Two Piſtoles Reward if taken within 20 Miles of Home, and Four if at a greater Diſtance.

Benjamin Harriſon.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, in *Suffolk* Town, on *Friday* Night the 29th of *September* laſt, a white Servant Man, named *James Cutler Petheram*, aged about 26 Years, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, pale Complexion, with ſhort brown Hair; had on when he went away, a blue Cloth Coat and Breeches, faced, lined and trimmed with Red, red Stockings, a fine Hat pretty much worn; he's an *Engliſhman*, and hath been in the Country about a Year; and pretends to be a Coachman. Whoever will apprehend and deliver him to me, in *Suffolk* Town, ſhall have Three Piſtoles Reward, paid by

Lemuel Riddick.

To be SOLD,

PURSUANT to the Laſt Will and Teſtament of *Sterling Clack*, deceas'd, for the Payment of his Debts, on the 10th Day of this *October* General Court, at Mr. *Henry Wetherburn*'s Door, the Mannor Plantation of the ſaid Teſtator, containing 1000 Acres of choice Land, with Houſes, Orchards, and other Improvements thereon, and Ground in Order for Cropping ſufficient to employ 12 Slaves: Alſo another Plantation within 2 Miles of the former, containing 1900 Acres; alſo another within 2 Miles, containing 350 Acres, whereon is the Court-houſe, Ordinary, Dwelling-houſe, and all convenient Houſes, ſuitable for a Merchant; and other Lands in the ſaid County; and alſo a Moiety of 2000 Acres in the County of *Lunenburg*. Six Months Credit will be allowed, the Purchaſers giving Bond with good Security, as uſual, to

John Clack, Executor.

Juſt Imported in the Friendſhip, *Capt.* Chalmers, *and to be Sold at reaſonable Rates, by the Subſcriber,*

A FRESH Aſſortment of Drugs and Medicines, *&c. viz.* choice Rhubarb, Ipecacuana, Jeſuits Bark, Quick-ſilver, Aqua-fortis, Aloes, Antimony, Arſenic, Sarſa, China, Camphire, Verdigreaſe, Spirit of Wine, Oil of Turpentine, Balſam *Peru*, Sperma Ceti, Opium, Senna, *&c. &c.* Alſo Almonds, *Anderſon*'s and *Lockyer*'s Pills, Cinnamon, Mace, Cloves, Nuts, Black-pepper, *French* and Pearl Barleys, Salt-petre, *Squire*'s and *Daffey*'s Elixir, Nipple Glaſſes and Pipes, Smelling Bottles, *Turlington*'s famous Balſam, Univerſal ditto, *Eaton*'s Styptic, *Pruſſian* Blue, Red and White Lead, *Clay*'s beſt Eating-Oil, White and Brown Sugar-candy, Currans, Carraway Comfits, candied Eringo, *Spaniſh* Liquorice, *Epſom* and *Glauber*'s Salts, Vermilion, beſt Lancets, Sponge, *Batman*'s Drops, Stoughton's, Vermicelli, Sandiver, Wine Stone, Separating Funnels, Crucibles, Plaiſter Knives, Ambergreaſe, Muſk, Elatorium, Oriental and Occidental *Bezoar*, regenerated Tartar, with all Manner of chymical Oils, faithfully prepared by

George Gilmer.

Juſt IMPORTED,
Choice DRUGS and MEDICINES

And to be SOLD very reaſonably,
At my Shop, next Door to the *Printing-Office*, in *Williamſburg*.

James Carter.

Richmond, October 1, 1752.

THE Subſcriber intending to leave this Colony, deſires all Perſons who are indebted to him to ſettle their Accounts, and either diſcharge them or give Bonds for what they owe.-----As a moderate Credit will be allowed to every Man that gives Bond for his Debt, I hope no Body will be ſo imprudent as to oblige me to bring Suit againſt them, by neglecting this.-----Mr. *John Edloe*, of *Charles-City*, is appointed to collect the Debts due to the Store formerly kept at *Kennon*'s, by Mr. *William Burton*, and lately in the Hands of Mr. *William Walker*.

Richard Weir.

N. B. A large Store-houſe, Warehouſe, Stable, and 2 Lots in *Richmond*, to be ſold by

R. W.

Norfolk, October 2, 1752.

STOLEN, a middle-ſiz'd Silver Watch, made by *Dunlop, London*, No. 2196, with a blue Ribbon String, a Key, a Triangular Seal, a Coat of Arms, a Squirrel Creſt (Motto *Virtute Doloque*) and a Cypher. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Watch, and delivers it to the Subſcriber, ſhall receive a Piſtole Reward.

1‖

Richard Scott.

CAME to the Subſcriber's Plantation, in *New-Kent* County, ſome Time in *March* laſt, a dark Bay Horſe, branded on the near Shoulder C, and on the near Buttock B, about 14 Hands high; alſo a bright Bay Horſe, not branded, about 5 Feet high.

The Owner may have them on applying to

Richard Chamberlayne.

THERE

THERE was committed to *Richmond* County Goal the first Day of *September* last, a Negroe Man, near 6 Feet high, about 25 Years of Age, speaks very few Words, that can be understood; had on a coarse Shirt and Breeches, and a red Frock. Any Person proving his Property may have the said Negroe, on paying Charges to the Jailor.

1‖

September 18, 1752.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Richmond* County, a Servant Man, named *Matthew Powell*, born near *Bristol*, in *England*, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, stoops and straddles much in his Walk, caused by his having the Pox: He took with him a dark Fustian Frock, a Calico Jacket, a brown Wig, and a fine Linen ruffled Shirt, a blue Jacket with Brass Buttons, a Fearnothing Jacket and Breeches, two Oznabrig Shirts, one Pair of Breeches, and a Pair of Trowsers, a fine Hat of about a Guinea Price, a Pair of single-channel'd Boots, a grey Horse, mark'd R B on the near Buttock, in very good Order, and a Saddle with a blue Fringed Housing.

Also an *Irish* Servant Man, named *Peter Helpen*, about 30 Years of Age, by Trade a Staymaker and Taylor, with a very roguish Countenance: He took with him a young grey Horse, mark'd CB in a Piece, a black Duroy Frock and Breeches with Glass Buttons, two Hats, one fine and the other coarse, with a large Glass Button on it, a check'd Shirt, and some dark coloured Cloaths.

Whoever will apprehend and secure them and the Horses, so that I may have them again, shall have 1000 Weight of Crop Tobacco Reward, besides what the Law allows; if they are taken separate 800 Weight, for each Man and Horse, paid by

Joseph Simpson.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Gentlemen that have subscribed for Lots at the *Southana-Bridge*, in *Hanover* County, That the said Lots will be drawn for at *Hanover* Court, in *November* next; all the Gentlemen are desired to give their Attendance, or depute some Person to act for them.

James Littlepage.

7

York, *Sept.* 28, 1752.

THE Subscriber intending shortly to leave *York* Town, and having met with several Inconveniences by being kept out of his just Debts, several of which are of a long Standing, by which Means he has been disabled from satisfying his Creditors, gives this public Notice to all Persons indebted to him, to pay their respective Ballances before the 30th of *October* next, or they may depend on being sued for the same.------He takes this Opportunity of returning his Thanks to all his Customers for their Favours, and hopes they will continue their Custom to the same Shop, where they may depend on being well serv'd, by good Workmen. He has two Negroe Boys, about 15 Years of Age, that can shave and dress, and a very good House Wench, to dispose of, for ready Money, or short Credit. The Terms may be known by applying to

William Peake.

N. B. He has likewise impower'd Mr. *John Thompkins*, of *Glocester*, to receive his Debts, and to bring Suits against those that delay Payment.

To be LETT, on or before the first of November *next,*

A Plantation in *Surry* County, near *Cabbin-Point*, with a good Dwelling-House, Store-Houses, and other convenient Houses; hath also a very good Landing; commodiously situate for Merchandize. The Terms to be known by applying to the Subscriber, in the above-said County.

John Cocke.

Sept. 29, 1752.

STOLEN the 27th at Night, out of a Lot in *Williamsburg*, a large Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock W, paces rough and fast, has a Switch Tail and a hanging Mane: Also a middle-siz'd white Horse, branded on the near Buttock P. C. paces slow, and has a cut Tail: Taken at the same Time two Bridles. Whoever brings the said Horses to the *Printing-Office*, in *Williamsburg*, shall be handsomely rewarded, and on Discovery and Conviction of the Thief, shall receive Five Pistoles.

Williamsburg, *Sept.* 23, 1752.

RAN away last Night about 11 o'Clock, a white Servant Woman, named *Sarah Benfield*, about 5 Feet 2 Inches high, about 30 Years of Age, of a dark Complexion, with bad Teeth, and black Hair, which curls down her Neck behind; she is an *Englishwoman*, and speaks the *Lancashire* Dialect very broad: Had on when she went away a Pair of fine Pink coloured Worsted Stockings, and Leather Shoes, an old dark brown quilted Petticoat, a check'd Apron, a strip'd *Marchester* Cotton Bed Gown, and a black Beaver Hat. She stole an almost new white Calicoe Gown, a light colour'd Camblet Gown, a brown quilted Petticoat lined with yellow Bays, a plain Holland Shift, a plain Holland Shirt, an old tarr'd Man's Flannel Jacket, a Pair of blue-grey Mens Stockings, check'd Trowsers, and several other Things, and 'tis suppos'd will endeavour to make her Escape on Board some Ship in a Sailors Dress. Whoever brings her to me, shall have a Pistole Reward.

John Stretch.

N. B. As it is imagined she is lurking about this City, whoever harbours her will be prosecuted to the utmost Rigour of the Law.

To be Sold reasonable, to be enter'd on at Christmas *next,*

A Valuable Tract of Land, containing about 1100 Acres, on which the Subscriber lately lived, called *Mansfield*, in *Dinwiddie* County, being an healthy, handsome Situation, on *Appomattox* River, about 5 Miles from *Petersburg* Town, *Bolling*'s Warehouse, and Church, on which is a large Plantation, a Crop of Tobacco and Corn growing, a Dwelling-House (with 4 Rooms) and a Kitchen with Brick Chimneys, with several necessary Out-houses. Another House 32 by 16, design'd for a Dwelling-house, but unfinish'd, two large fram'd Barns, and a Stable, a young bearing Orchard, with upwards of 200 Apple and Peach Trees, and several old Fruit Trees; there is Plenty of old Field Pasture Ground, also good Wood Range for Stock. About a Quarter of a Mile from the Dwelling-house, on the said River, in one House are two good Water Grist-Mills, with Cullen Stones, and a Bolting-Mill work'd by a Water-Wheel, all easily tended by one Man; they've constant Water in the driest Summers, and in no Danger of Freshes: At the Mill is a Bake-house, with a large Oven, *&c.* for baking Bisket. Less than a Mile from the said Dwelling-house is Preparation for another Plantation, being a new Tobacco House, and thirty or forty Thousand Hills of Tobacco and Corn growing: Adjoining to each Plantation is a Piece of low Ground, with about 30 Thousand Corn Hills on each. Also a Tract of good Tobacco Land on *Bear's-Element* Creek, in *Lunenburg* County, about 60 Miles (with a good Road) to *Bolling*'s Warehouse, on which is a Plantation and Crop growing, two new Tobacco-houses, an Overseer and Negroe House; it's convenient to several Mills, and an excellent Place for Stock.

Any Person inclinable to purchase either of the above Plantations may apply to me, near *Petersburg*, or, in my Absence, to Mr. *William Andrews*, to see *Mansfield* Land; and Mr. *John Jennings*, or Mr. *John Williams*, to treat for that in *Lunenburg*, they living near the same: Also 400 Acres on *Mounting* Creek, in *Amelia* County, the Terms of which may be known, and the Land viewed, by applying to Mr. *George Moore*, or Mr. *Daniel Dejarnett*, near the same.

t. f. *Anthony Walke.*

THE Clerks of the several Counties are hereby desired to pay the Fees that accrued to me, between the Twenty-fifth of *October* and the Twenty-first of *November* last, to Mr. *Robert Carter Nicholas*, in *Williamsburg*.

Lewis Burwell.

Just IMPORTED,

A FRESH Cargoe of live human Hairs, all ready curl'd and well prepared by the best Hands in *London*, most of them far below the *London* Prices, of the same Goodness and Quality.

N. B. As the Importer proposes to leave the Country soon, Encouragement will be given to such as are inclined to purchase in the Wholesale Way. Enquire at Mr. *Peake*'s in *York*, or Mr. *Currie*'s in *Williamsburg*, for the Hairs.

Williamsburg, *September* 28, 1752.

ALL Persons indebted to *David Long*, are desired to pay their respective Accounts before the 10th of *October* next, otherwise they will be sued, without further Notice.

2 *James Cocke.*

Petersburg, *September* 16, 1752.

STRAY'D, or suppos'd to be stolen, the Beginning of *March* last, near *Petersburg*, in *Chesterfield* County, Two light-gray Mares, one large and very long-sided, with her near hind Hoof longer and larger than the rest; the other small, with a bob Tail, the Top of one of her Ears burnt off: The Brand of both forgot. Whoever will bring the said Mares to me, shall have Half a Pistole Reward, paid by

t. f. *Robert Hutchings.*

N. B. I will give a Pistole Reward to any one that will discover the Person or Persons that carried the said Mares away.

R. H.

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, living near *England*'s Ordinary, in *Louisa* County, a middle-siz'd dark grey Horse, about 13 Hands high, and about 4 Years old, with a small Star in his Forehead, three of his Feet are white, and branded on the near Buttock S. The Owner may have him of me, on proving his Property and paying as the Law directs.

‖ *John Mackgehee.*

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, living in *Lunenburg* County, a small black Mare, branded on the near Buttock I; also a dark Bay Mare Colt, neither dock'd nor branded, with a small Star in her Forehead: They have been posted and appraised according to Law. The Owner may have them of me, on proving his Property and paying as the Law directs.

‖ *Henry Blagrave.*

To be LET, from the first Day of January *next,*

THE Dwelling-House, Store-Houses, and Plantation, in *King & Queen* County, where Mr. *Patrick Barclay* lately lived: The Terms may be known by applying to *John Martin*, Attorney at Law in *King William* County.

t. f.

To be SOLD,

A NEW Vessel, now on the Stocks, Burthen about 150 Tons *English* Tonage, can be launched by the first Day of *September* next; and one Vessel of about 100 Tons, which can be made with a double or single Deck. The Terms may be known by applying to Mr. *Thomas Talbott*, in *Norfolk* County.

t. f.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, lying in *James-City* County, about two Miles from where *Powers* formerly kept Ordinary, either together or in Parcels, containing One Thousand Six Hundred Acres. Any Person inclinable to purchase the said Land, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber, living in *King-William* County.

July 21, 1752. t. f. *Thomas Chamberlayne.*

TAKEN up by the Subscriber, in *Culpeper* County, in *April* last, a Heifer mark'd with a Swallow Fork in the right Ear, crop'd with a Hole in the Left. The Owner may have her on applying to

Robert Coleman.

STRAY'D from the Subscriber, near *Williamsburg*, some Time in *May* last, a dark Bay Horse, with a Blaze in his Face, about 13 Hands high, his two hind Feet white, branded on the Shoulder and Buttock W. Also a Sorrel Horse, 14 Hands and one Inch high, with a Star in his Forehead, paces well, branded on the off Buttock S, and on the near Buttock with a plain Brand unknown. Whoever brings them to me shall receive a Pistole Reward for each.

t. l. o. *Nathaniel Crawley*, Jun.

Middlesex County, *June* 10, 1752.

RAN away, last Night, from the Subscriber, a white Servant Man, named *John Johnson*, a Ploughman, and pretends to understand Malting and Brickmaking; he is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, and took with him a dark colour'd Cloth Coat, a lapell'd Fustian Coat lined with brown Holland, a brown Allopeen Wastecoat lined with Blue, a white Kersey ditto, two Oznabrigs Shirts, and one white ditto, a Pair of Fustian Breeches with white Metal Buttons, two Pair of Oznabrigs Trousers, a brown Wig, a Castor Hat, a Pair of *Virginia* Yarn Stockings, and Shoes.

Also a Mulatto Man, named *Sythax*, he was lately bought of Mr. *Henry Fnnalls*, Jun. of *Dorchester* County, in *Maryland*, by Trade a Blacksmith; he is a likely brisk young Fellow, the fore Part of his Head shaved, and the back Part long Wool; he took with him a brown Cloth Coat and Wastecoat, the Coat has two Patches on the left Side of the Back, sewed in with white Thread, a Pair of strip'd *Virginia*-Cloth Breeches, some brown Linen Shirts, and one white ditto, a Hat, Shoes and Stockings. They took a Gun with them. Whoever will apprehend and convey the said Runaways to me, shall have Ten Pistoles Reward, besides what the Law allows.

N. B. If they should be taken separate, Two Pistoles for the white Man, and Eight for the Mulatto. t. f. *Armistead Churchill.*

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of Land, lying in *Hanover* County, about 18 Miles from *Page*'s Warehouse, containing about 1000 Acres, more or less: There are three Plantations on the said Land, with very good Buildings. The Terms may be known, by applying to the Subscriber, on the Premisses.

t. f. *John Winn.*

Stafford County, *March* 2, 1752.

AS I have near 30,000 Acres of extraordinary good fresh Land, in *Fairfax* and *Prince William*, which I would willingly rent out to honest Tenants, I have impowered Mr. *John West*, jun. at the Town of *Alexandria* (or *Belhaven*) in *Fairfax*, to shew the Lands and agree on the Terms, with such Persons as apply to him to rent the same, for three Lives, or 21 Years, and hereby engage myself, and my Heirs, to perform whatever Agreements he enters into on that Account.

t. f. *John Mercer.*

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